

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON  
AT SEATTLE

JEFFREY ALLEN COOK,

Plaintiff,

v.

WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT  
OF CORRECTIONS, *et al.*,

Defendants.

Case No. C23-5773-JNW-MLP

ORDER DIRECTING SERVICE OF  
CIVIL RIGHTS COMPLAINT

This is a 42 U.S.C. § 1983 prisoner civil rights action. Plaintiff is proceeding *pro se* and *in forma pauperis*. The Court, having reviewed Plaintiff's amended complaint (dkt. # 13), hereby  
ORDERS:

(1) Service by Clerk

The Clerk is directed to send to Defendants<sup>1</sup> Mark Wentworth, M.D., Leigh Gilliver, PA, Erin Lystad, PA-C, Ryan Harrington, M.D., Jennifer Meyers, PA, and Joan Palmer, PA-C, by e-mail: a copy of Plaintiff's amended complaint (dkt. # 13), a copy of this Order, a copy of the

<sup>1</sup> This Court is concurrently filing a Report and Recommendation to dismiss the remaining Defendants: Dean Mason, Jason Bennett, and Robert Jackson.

1 notice of lawsuit and request for waiver of service of summons, and a waiver of service of  
2 summons.

3 (2) Response Required

4 Defendants shall have **thirty (30) days** within which to return the enclosed waiver of  
5 service of summons. A defendant who timely returns the signed waiver shall have **sixty (60)**  
6 **days** after the date designated on the notice of lawsuit to file and serve an answer to the  
7 complaint or a motion permitted under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

8 A defendant who fails to timely return the signed waiver will be personally served with a  
9 summons and complaint, and may be required to pay the full costs of such service, pursuant to  
10 Rule 4(d)(2) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. A defendant who has been personally  
11 served shall file an answer or motion permitted under Rule 12 within **twenty-one (21) days** after  
12 service.

13 (3) Filing and Service by Parties, Generally

14 All attorneys admitted to practice before this Court are required to file documents  
15 electronically via the Court's CM/ECF system. Counsel are directed to the Court's website,  
16 [www.wawd.uscourts.gov](http://www.wawd.uscourts.gov), for a detailed description of the requirements for filing via CM/ECF.  
17 All filings must indicate in the upper right hand corner the name of the magistrate judge to whom  
18 the document is directed. For any party filing electronically, when the total of all pages of a  
19 filing exceeds fifty (50) pages in length, a paper copy of the document (with tabs or other  
20 organizing aids as necessary) shall be delivered to the Clerk's Office for chambers. The  
21 chambers copy must be clearly marked with the words "Courtesy Copy of Electronic Filing for  
22 Chambers."  
23

1 Any document filed with the Court must be accompanied by proof that it has been served  
2 upon all parties that have entered a notice of appearance in the underlying matter. Plaintiff shall  
3 indicate the date the document is submitted for e-filing as the date of service.

4 (4) Motions, Generally

5 Any request for court action shall be set forth in a motion, properly filed and served.  
6 Pursuant to LCR 7(b), any argument being offered in support of a motion shall be submitted as a  
7 part of the motion itself and not in a separate document. The motion shall include in its caption  
8 (immediately below the title of the motion) a designation of the date the motion is to be noted for  
9 consideration upon the Court's motion calendar.

10 Stipulated and agreed motions, motions to file over-length motions or briefs, motions for  
11 reconsideration, joint submissions pursuant to the option procedure established in LCR 37(a)(2),  
12 motions for default, requests for the clerk to enter default judgment, and motions for the court to  
13 enter default judgment where the opposing party has not appeared shall be noted for  
14 consideration on the day they are filed. *See* LCR 7(d)(1). All other non-dispositive motions shall  
15 be noted for consideration no earlier than the third Friday following filing and service of the  
16 motion. *See* LCR 7(d)(3). All dispositive motions shall be noted for consideration no earlier than  
17 the fourth Friday following filing and service of the motion. *Id.*

18 For electronic filers, all briefs and affidavits in opposition to either a dispositive or non-  
19 dispositive motion shall be filed and served not later than 11:59 p.m. on the Monday  
20 immediately preceding the date designated for consideration of the motion. The party making the  
21 motion may file and serve, not later than 11:59 p.m. on the date designated for consideration of  
22 the motion, a reply to the opposing party's briefs and affidavits.  
23

(5) Motions to Dismiss and Motions for Summary Judgment

Parties filing motions to dismiss pursuant to Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and motions for summary judgment pursuant to Rule 56 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure should acquaint themselves with those rules. As noted above, these motions shall be noted for consideration no earlier than the fourth Friday following filing and service of the motion.

Defendants filing motions to dismiss or motions for summary judgment are advised that they MUST serve *Rand* and *Wyatt* notices concurrently with motions to dismiss and motions for summary judgment so that *pro se* prisoner plaintiffs will have fair, timely and adequate notice of what is required of them in order to oppose those motions. *Woods v. Carey*, 684 F.3d 934, 941 (9th Cir. 2012). The Ninth Circuit has set forth model language for such notices:

A motion for summary judgment under Rule 56 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure will, if granted, end your case.

Rule 56 tells you what you must do in order to oppose a motion for summary judgment. Generally, summary judgment must be granted when there is no genuine issue of material fact – that is, if there is no real dispute about any fact that would affect the result of your case, the party who asked for summary judgment is entitled to judgment as a matter of law, which will end your case. When a party you are suing makes a motion for summary judgment that is properly supported by declarations (or other sworn testimony), you cannot simply rely on what your complaint says. Instead, **you must set out specific facts in declarations, depositions, answers to interrogatories, or authenticated documents, as provided in Rule 56(e), that contradict the facts shown in the defendant's declarations and documents and show that there is a genuine issue of material fact for trial. If you do not submit your own evidence in opposition, summary judgment, if appropriate, may be entered against you. If summary judgment is granted, your case will be dismissed and there will be no trial.**

1 *Rand v. Rowland*, 154 F.3d 952, 963 (9th Cir. 1998) (emphasis added); *see Wyatt v. Terhune*,  
2 315 F.3d 1108, 1120 n.14 (9th Cir. 2003) (extending the fair notice requirement to motions to  
3 dismiss for failure to exhaust administrative remedies).

4 Defendants who fail to file and serve the required *Rand* and *Wyatt* notices on Plaintiff  
5 may have their motion stricken from the Court's calendar with leave to re-file.

6 (6) Direct Communications with District Judge or Magistrate Judge

7 No direct communication is to take place with the District Judge or Magistrate Judge with  
8 regard to this case. All relevant information and papers are to be directed to the Clerk.

9 (7) The Clerk is directed to send copies of this Order and of the Court's *pro se*  
10 instruction sheet to Plaintiff. The Clerk is further directed send a copy of this Order and a  
11 courtesy copy of Plaintiff's complaint to the Washington Attorney General's Office.

12 Dated this 6th day of December, 2023.

13 

14 MICHELLE L. PETERSON  
15 United States Magistrate Judge  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22  
23